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III. The Lesser Courts of the Forest; IV. The Forest Eyre; V. The Regard; VI. The Clergy; VII. The Extent of the Forests; VIII. The Chase, the Park, and the Warren. The Introduction corrects errors found in Manwood's Laws of the Forest, and furnishes exactly the apparatus needed for intelligent examination of the extracts. It distinctly recognizes that the readers for whom the Selden Society's volumes are prepared wish to examine the documents for themselves and do not need to be told in the Introduction what they are to find in the documents. The work of the editor has included the preparation of an extremely useful Glossary. E. W.

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A TREATISE ON FEDERAL PRACTICE, including practice in bankruptcy, admiralty, patent cases, foreclosure of railway mortgages, suits upon claims against the United States, equity pleading and practice, receivers and injunctions in the state courts. By Roger Foster. Third edition. Revised and enlarged. 2 vols. Chicago: Callaghan & Co. 1901. pp. clxxxv, 799, xi, 855. 8vo.

Practitioners will welcome a new edition of this useful text-book. The first edition, published in 1890, became inadequate almost immediately because of the passage in 1891 of the Evarts Act, creating the Circuit Courts of Appeals. A second edition was, therefore, issued in 1892. As the Judiciary Act of 1887, affecting the jurisdiction of the Circuit Courts, had then been in force but five years and the Evarts Act had been in force less than a year, many questions in regard to the construction of both acts, but especially the latter, had not been answered by the courts. During the past nine years much that was unsettled in 1892 has become clear, and the second edition had for some time been wholly inadequate. The new edition seems to have been carefully prepared. About two hundred pages have been added to the text, and the table of cases records nearly double the citations of the former edition. The subject of practice in bankruptcy is dealt with for the first time in this edition; the first chapter, which deals with the important subject of jurisdiction, — a subject especially affected by the recent statutes — has been expanded to about three times its former size, and large additions as well as judicious condensation are to be found in most of the chapters of the book. It is likely to add to its reputation as the best text-book on the subject with which it deals. S. W.

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A TREATISE ON THE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES GUARANTEED BY THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES. By Henry Brannon. Cincinnati: W. H. Anderson and Co. 1901. pp. ix, 562. 8vo.

The purpose of the present work is to treat only the more important sections of the Fourteenth Amendment, that is, the first and the fifth. The author takes up the different rights and privileges which are conferred and attempts to show how the courts, in applying the very broad words of the amendment to the facts in different cases, have defined these rights, and what have been considered as within the letter or spirit of the provisions. In spite of the fact that the work is called by its author a "treatise," it is in reality little more than a compilation of decisions. There is almost no discussion of the underlying principles except such as is found in quotations from the opinions of the judges. The professed aim of the book is to present and make accessible materials for a study of the subject rather than to give a thorough analysis of the cases and of the different arguments. Naturally when such a method is adopted, there is little in the result to interest the student or the reader and it will be useful only to one searching for authorities. Such a treatment cannot be other than disappointing in view of the fact that the multitude of cases which have arisen and are constantly coming before the courts create a demand for a treatise in fact — a thorough and discriminating study of the limitations that have been made and of the reasons which have influenced the courts in arriving at their decisions.